Annotated review of European legislation which makes a reference to disability

Prepared for the Academic Network of European Disability experts (ANED)

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Background and Method

This annotated review provides an overview of EC legislation which make an explicit reference to disability. The review covers both disability specific and mainstream instruments, and therefore also provides evidence of the extent to which disability is being mainstreamed in different areas of EU law. The summaries and examples presented here relate to primary and secondary legislation in force at the European level, and were reviewed during 2008.

The Academic Network of European Disability experts (ANED) was established by the European Commission in 2008 to provide scientific support and advice for its Disability Unit. In particular, the activities of the Network support the development of the EU Disability Strategy and practical implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. The Network is co-ordinated by Human European Consultancy (Netherlands) and the Centre for Disability Studies at the University of Leeds (UK).

One of the functions of ANED is to establish a mechanism for monitoring and evaluating European laws and policies that affect disabled people (e.g. European legislation, communications and resolutions of the Council, Parliament and Commission, and of associated committees). The resulting summaries and details on laws and policies are made available via the <u>ANED website</u> for the benefit of the research community, policy makers and other stakeholders.

This review includes references to 'disability targeted legislation' or disability specific legislation (of which there is relatively little at European level) and non-specific (mainstream) legislation, which includes an explicit disability dimension. For example, there are references to disability in European legislation on: rail, bus, sea and air travel; telecommunications; lifts; the implementation of the structural funds; public procurement; medicine labelling; etc. The review also covers EC non-discrimination legislation which prohibits discrimination on the ground of disability in the field of employment.

Approximately 100 Regulations, Directives, Decisions, other Acts, and International Agreements adopted or concluded since 2003 are reviewed. Each instrument has been inspected and annotated. The individual annotations are presented in the appendices to this report.

While all of the legislative instruments identified were technically 'in force' at the time of review, those marked with an asterisk (*) established an action or initiative of limited duration, which has now come to an end (such as the Decision establishing the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003).

The process of review is ongoing and data on the website will be updated with reference to new legislation and details of non-legislative policy instruments. It is therefore advisable to consult the relevant web pages for up-to-date information.







Thematic summaries

The following summaries are classified according to the administrative categories used in the European Community's <u>Eurlex system</u>.

01. General, Financial and Institutional Matters

Accessibility, equal opportunities and social inclusion for people with disabilities are relevant with regard to some of the institutional matters of the European Union. Disability is addressed in instruments relating to the employment of EU officials and in codes of conduct for the employees of EU institutions. In addition, the instrument addressing access to EU documents includes a reference to accessibility requirements for people with disabilities, such as those with visual impairments.

Annotated instruments

- Regulation (EC) No. 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents
- 2. *Decision No. 771/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 establishing the European Year of Equal Opportunities for All (2007) towards a just society (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 3. Commission Decision(s) No. 96/564/EC-96/566 (Euratom, EC) of 11 September 1996 and No. 90/176-90/180 (Euratom, EEC) EEC of 23 March 1990 authorizing several particular Member States not to take into account certain categories of transactions and to use certain approximate estimates for the calculation of the VAT own resources base
- 4. Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union
- 5. Council Regulation (EC) No. 168/2007 of 15 February 2007 establishing a European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights
- 6. Council Decision 2008/203/EC of 28 February 2008 implementing Regulation (EC) No. 168/2007 as regards the adoption of a Multi-annual Framework for the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights for 2007-2012

02. Customs Union and Free Movement of Goods

The European Community set up a Community system of relief from customs duty for certain goods and services from outside the Community in the 1980s. Within this system, several legal instruments exempt some goods and services for the benefit of people with disabilities or people with visual impairments, from duties.

- 1. Council Regulation (EEC) No. 918/83 of 28 March 1983 setting up a Community system of relief from customs duty
- 2. Commission Regulation (EEC) No. 2289/83 of 29 July 1983 laying down provisions for the implementation of Articles 70 to 78 of Council Regulation (EEC) No. 918/83
- 3. *Council Decision of 8 May 1979 on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials (No 79/505/EEC)







03. Agriculture

Disability is referred to in the general non-discrimination clause within the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, and there is one example of EC legislation providing a specific exemption from an obligation for farmers who have a disability which renders them unable to work.

Annotated instruments

- 1. Council Regulation (EC) No. 1698/2005 of 20 September 2005 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)
- 2. Commission Regulation (EEC) No. 1391/78 of 23 June 1978 laying down amended rules for the application of the system of premiums for the non-marketing of milk and milk products and for the conversion of dairy herds

05. Freedom of Movement for Workers and Social Policy

The main focus of disability related EC legislation is Employment and Social Policy. A wide range of relevant instruments exist in this field. The most important initiatives include:

- Council Directive 2000/78/EC establishing a general framework for equal treatment in employment and occupation (*Employment Equality Directive*);
- the European Structural Funds relating to employment and social affairs, and, in particular, the European Social Fund (ESF);
- the enforcement of uniform standards to protect health and safety, including many specific regulations regarding the safety of people with disabilities at the workplace;
- several EU action programmes (such as The European Year of People with Disabilities 2003), which address the promotion of equal opportunities for people with disabilities.

The *Employment Equality Directive* is of key importance, as it obliges Member States to prohibit discrimination on, amongst others, the ground of disability with regard to employment and vocational training. The obligation on employers to provide for *reasonable accommodations* in order to meet the needs of individuals with a disability results from this Directive.

The European Social Fund is a key financial tool allowing the EU to translate its disability employment policy aims into action. It is difficult to identify the overall amount of ESF money allocated to projects which benefit people with disabilities, as some Member States have a rather "broad" targeting policy for groups experiencing problems in accessing the labour market. Most Member States use some ESF funds to promote labour market integration for people with disabilities through a range of actions, including work experience schemes, wage subsidies, temporary sheltered







employment and other intermediate labour market steps. Support can also be provided for self employment.

Health and safety at the workplace are of importance for all workers. However, ensuring the health and safety of people with disabilities may require particular measures and this is recognised in EC legislation.

Other instruments which address disability in this field include Council Guidelines with regard to national employment policies, and EC Regulations regarding the application of national social security schemes to (self) employed persons (and their families) moving within the Community. This is of importance, as the loss of social protection – which in general still falls within the competence of Member States – might present barriers to the free movement of workers with disabilities in particular.

Addressing the issue of disability is also important in the field of EU *statistics*. Member States are obliged to provide data on various issues regarding disability. The goal is to create a system for establishing reliable and comparable data between the Member States on disabled persons and on their integration into social life. Comparable data is vital to enable the Member States and the Community to plan, monitor and evaluate initiatives taken at national and Community level.

- 1. Regulation (EC) No. 458/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 April 2007 on the European system of integrated social protection statistics (ESSPROS) (Text with European Economic Area relevance).
- 2. Regulation (EC) No. 1927/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund
- 3. Regulation (EC) No. 1177/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 June 2003 concerning Community statistics on income and living conditions (EU-SILC) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 4. Council Regulation No. 574/72 (EEC) of 21 March 1972 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EEC) 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to their families moving within the Community
- 5. Council Directive 89/654/EEC of 30 November 1989 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the workplace (first individual directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)
- 6. Council Directive 92/57/EEC of 24 June 1992 on the implementation of minimum safety and health requirements at temporary or mobile construction sites (eighth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)
- 7. Council Directive 92/91/EEC of 3 November 1992 concerning the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in the mineral extracting industries through drilling (eleventh individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)
- 8. Council Directive 92/104/EEC of 3 December 1992 on the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in surface and







- underground mineral-extracting industries (twelfth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)
- 9. Council Directive 96/97/EC of 20 December 1996 amending Directive 86/378/EEC on the implementation of the principle of equal treatment for men and women in occupational social security schemes
- 10. Council Directive 2000/78/EC of 27 November 2000 establishing a general framework for equal treatment in employment and occupation
- 11. Directive 2006/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation (recast directive)
- 12. Council Decision 83/516/EEC of 17 October 1983 on the tasks of the European Social Fund
- 13. *Council Decision 2001/903/EC of 3 December 2001 on the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003
- 14. *Council Decision 2005/600/EC of 12 July 2005 on Guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States
- 15. *Decision No. 771/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 establishing the European Year of Equal Opportunities for All (2007) towards a just society (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 16. Council Decision 2008/618/EC on Guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States
- 17. *Communication from the Commission to the Council, the European Parliament, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions, on an assessment of the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003
- 18. Council Resolution of 15 July 2003 on promoting the employment and social integration of people with disabilities

06. Right of Establishment and Freedom to Provide Services

The right of establishment and the freedom to provide services within the Community are of key importance to the internal market. Nevertheless, some exemptions are allowed with regard to certain services for the benefit of people with disabilities. These exemptions consist, for example, in allowing for the maintenance of free (public) postal services for people with visual impairments, or an obligation for Member States to oblige media service providers to ensure that their services are gradually made accessible to people with a visual or hearing impairment.

In practice, public procurement constitutes a significant means of influencing the behaviour of economic operators. Under EC law, contracting authorities and entities are allowed, or can be required, to implement various aspects of a (disability) equal opportunity policy when awarding contracts. Certain EC Directives establish the right for public authorities to award some public contracts to organisations providing sheltered employment for disabled people.







- 1. Directive 2008/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 February 2008 amending Directive 97/67/EC with regard to the full accomplishment of the internal market of Community postal services
- 2. Directive 2007/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directive 89/552/EEC on the coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the pursuit of television broadcasting activities (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 3. Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public works contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts
- 4. Directive 2004/17/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors

07. Transport

Many people across the European Union have some form of mobility impairment which makes accessing *public transport* systems difficult. A long-term aim of the Commission and of associations of transport authorities and operators is to ensure that public transport is accessible for all. With this aim in mind, several EC instruments have been adopted. These involve measures establishing technical standards applicable to means of transport and transport infrastructure; technical prescriptions for accessible vehicles to be used for urban passenger transport; disability accessible signs and information for travellers; and compulsory training courses on disability awareness and the specific needs of people with disabilities for drivers and other transport personnel.

As follows from the overview of legal instruments in the field of transport, the current stage of implementation of these different measures varies between the different modes of transport. With regard to air and rail transport, the important Regulations no. 1107/2006 and no. 1371/2007 have only been adopted recently. These regulations establish several rights for passengers with disabilities, among which a prohibition to refuse persons with disabilities from travelling and an obligation to accommodate disabled passengers. Rail passengers have the right to receive assistance to facilitate independent travel.

With regard to *private transport*, a directive prescribes uniform regulations regarding the issuing of driving licenses. Besides establishing adapted provisions and rules in order to enable people with disabilities to obtain a driving license, the directive prescribes that all examinees should have certain knowledge about road users with disabilities or reduced mobility. Finally, a standardised parking card for people with disabilities has been introduced. This allows people with disabilities to take advantage of the special parking facilities available in each Member State using their nationally issued card.







- 1. Regulation (EC) No. 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on rail passengers' rights and obligations
- 2. Regulation (EC) No. 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) Nos. 1191/69 and 1107/70
- 3. Regulation (EC) No. 1899/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 amending Council Regulation (EEC) No. 3922/91 on the harmonisation of technical requirements and administrative procedures in the field of civil aviation (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 4. Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 concerning the rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility when travelling by air (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 5. Regulation (EC) No. 261/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 February 2004 establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights, and repealing Regulation (EEC) No. 295/91 (Text with European Economic Area relevance) Commission Statement
- 6. Council Regulation (EC) No. 12/98 of 11 December 1997 laying down the conditions under which non-resident carriers may operate national road passenger transport services within a Member State
- 7. Directive 2008/57/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 on the interoperability of the rail system within the Community (Recast) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 8. Directive 2006/126/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on driving licences (Recast) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 9. 2006/87/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 laying down technical requirements for inland waterway vessels and repealing Council Directive 82/714/EEC
- 10. Directive 2003/59/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2003 on the initial qualification and periodic training of drivers of certain road vehicles for the carriage of goods or passengers, amending Council Regulation (EEC) No. 3820/85 and Council Directive 91/439/EEC and repealing Council Directive 76/914/EEC
- 11. Directive 2003/24/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 April 2003 amending Council Directive 98/18/EC on safety rules and standards for passenger ships
- 12. Directive 2000/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 March 2000 relating to cableway installations designed to carry persons
- 13. Council Directive 1999/35/EC of 29 April 1999 on a system of mandatory surveys for the safe operation of regular roll on roll off ferry and high-speed passenger craft services
- 14. Council Directive 96/48/EC of 23 July 1996 on the interoperability of the trans-European high-speed rail system
- 15. Council Directive 91/439/EEC of 29 July 1991 on driving licences







- 16. Council Recommendation 98/376/EC of 4 June 1998 on a parking card for people with disabilities
- 17. Commission Regulation (EC) No. 8/2008 of 11 December 2007 amending Council Regulation (EEC) No. 3922/91 as regards common technical requirements and administrative procedures applicable to commercial transportation by aeroplane (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 18. Directive 2004/50/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 amending Council Directive 96/48/EC on the interoperability of the trans-European high-speed rail system and Directive 2001/16/EC of the EP and of the Council on the interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system

08. Competition

Article 92 (1) of the EC Treaty stipulates that "any aid granted by a Member State or through State resources in any form whatsoever which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods shall, in so far as it affects trade between Member States, be incompatible with the common market". However, in order to create more equal opportunities for certain groups of people with disabilities, the restrictions on state aid are somewhat relaxed with regard to aid which supports the employment or training of people with disabilities.

Annotated instruments

1. Commission Regulation (EC) of 6 August 2008 declaring certain categories of aid incompatible with the common market in application of Article 87 and 88 of the Treaty (General block exemption Regulation)

09. Taxation

Article 13(A)(1) of Directive 77/388/EEC of 17 May 1977 requires Member States to exempt from VAT "certain activities in the public interest". These activities include hospital and medical care, goods and services closely linked to welfare and social security or the protection of children and young persons, education and training for young persons etc.. Many organisations working in the field of disability are involved in the provision of just such services and their transactions are exempt from VAT as a result, provided that they obtain prior authorisation from the Member State in which they are established. This means these organisations are exempt from the need to file VAT returns or to charge VAT to their clients. In addition, under Article 13(A)(2) of Directive 77/388/EEC Member States can grant any of the listed exemptions to any body (other than those governed by public law), subject to a number of conditions designed, in effect, to ensure that exempt bodies are bona fide non-profit organisations whose activities will not affect the competitive position of taxed commercial enterprises.

In addition to the exemptions mentioned above, reduced VAT rates for certain goods and devices for people with disabilities are authorised by EC law.







Annotated instruments

- 1. Council Directive 2006/112/EC of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax
- 2. Council Directive 2003/96/EC of 27 October 2003 restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 3. Council Directive 83/181/EEC of 28 March 1983 determining the scope of Article 14 (1) (d) of Directive 77/388/EEC as regards exemption from value added tax on the final importation of certain goods
- 4. Council Decision 2006/774/EC of 7 November 2006 authorising certain Member States to apply a reduced rate of VAT to certain labour-intensive services in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 28(6) of Directive 77/388/EEC

10. Economic and Monetary Policy and Free Movement of Capital

The Euro coins are explicitly designed to take into account the needs of people with visual impairments.

Annotated instruments

- 1. Regulation (EC) No. 1927/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund
- 2. Council Regulation (EC) No. 423/1999 of 22 February 1999 amending Regulation (EC) No 975/98 on denominations and technical specifications of euro coins intended for circulation
- 3. Council Regulation (EC) No. 975/98 of 3 May 1998 on denominations and technical specifications of euro coins intended for circulation

11. External Relations

The European Union recognises the importance of the contributions made by international, regional and non-governmental organisations to civil society and to the development of democratic societies that respect political, economic and social rights, including the rights of people with disabilities. The EC has therefore established some financial instruments in order to promote human rights in third countries. Furthermore, the Council has set several conditions in so-called Accession Partnerships with certain third countries (such as Turkey and the republics of the former republic of Yugoslavia), requiring *inter alia* various improvements with regard to the rights and circumstances of people with disabilities in those countries.

- Commission Regulation (EC) No. 718/2007 of 12 June 2007 implementing Council Regulation (EC) No. 1085/2006 establishing an instrument for pre-accession assistance (IPA)
- 2. Regulation (EC) No. 1889/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing a financing instrument for the promotion of democracy and human rights worldwide







- 3. Regulation (EC) No. 1905/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 establishing a financing instrument for development cooperation
- 4. Council Decision 79/505/EEC of 8 May 1979 on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials

13. Industrial Policy and Internal Market

The area of industrial policy is of importance for people with disabilities as it concerns the safety and accessibility of buildings in general, and work places in particular. In this respect, important Directives have been adopted with regard to *lifts*, and to the accessibility of (*electronic*) (*tele*)*communication networks*, which ensure or facilitate (by enabling Member States to take action) accessibility of those respective services to people with disabilities.

- Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles (Framework Directive) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 2. Directive 2007/47/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 amending Council Directive 90/385/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to active implantable medical devices, Council Directive 93/42/EEC concerning medical devices and Directive 98/8/EC concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 3. Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 4. Directive 2005/40/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 September 2005 amending Council Directive 77/541/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to safety belts and restraint systems of motor vehicles (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 5. Directive 2004/27/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 amending Directive 2001/83/EC on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use (Text with European Economic Area relevance)
- 6. Directive 2003/102/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 relating to the protection of pedestrians and other vulnerable road users before and in the event of a collision with a motor vehicle and amending Council Directive 70/156/EEC
- 7. Directive 2002/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services (Universal Service Directive)







- 8. Directive 2002/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on a common regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services (Framework Directive)
- 9. Directive 2001/85/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2001 relating to special provisions for vehicles used for the carriage of passengers comprising more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat, and amending Directives 70/156/EEC and 97/27/EC
- 10. Directive 2001/16/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 March 2001 on the interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system
- 11. Directive 2000/31/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2000 on certain legal aspects of information society services, in particular electronic commerce, in the Internal Market ('Directive on electronic commerce')
- 12. Directive 2000/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 March 2000 relating to cableway installations designed to carry persons
- 13. Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity
- 14. Council Directive 95/16/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 29 June 1995 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to lifts
- 15. Decision No 1336/97/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on a series of guidelines for trans-European telecommunications networks
- 16. Decision No 1982/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Seventh Framework Programme of the European Community for research, technological development and demonstration activities (2007-2013) - Statements by the Commission
- 17. Commission Decision 2008/164/EC of 21 December 2007 concerning the technical specification of interoperability relating to persons with reduced mobility in the trans-European conventional and high-speed rail system (notified under document C(2007) 6633) (Text with European Economic Area relevance)

14. Regional Policy and Coordination of Structural Instruments

The EC has established several programmes and funds in order to reduce economic and social inequalities between regions and social groups. Many of these instruments pay particular attention to the position of people with disabilities on the labour market. Furthermore, the Council of Ministers has laid down strategic guidelines for Member States on cohesion. These guidelines contain several provisions regarding combating discrimination and social exclusion of people with disabilities, and promoting accessibility. Moreover, one of the aims of the European Social Fund (ESF) is to combat social exclusion and promote the participation of people with disabilities in the labour market (see Section 5 above on Freedom of Movement of Workers and Social Policy).

The European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) aims to promote economic and social cohesion in the European Union by supporting action aimed at reducing inequalities between regions. Financial assistance from the ERDF is mainly targeted







at supporting small and medium-sized enterprises, promoting productive investment, improving infrastructure and furthering local development. Of particular importance for people with disabilities are the interventions of the ERDF in investment for education, health, vocational training and transport infrastructures. Accessibility for persons with disabilities is one of the criteria to be observed in defining operations co-financed by the Funds, and to be taken into account during the various stages of implementation.

Annotated instruments

- 1. Council Regulation (EC) No. 1083/2006 of 11 July 2006 laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund and the Cohesion Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 1260/1999
- Regulation (EC) No. 1081/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the European Social Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 1784/1999
- Regulation (EC) No. 1080/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the European Regional Development Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 1783/1999
- 4. Council Regulation (EC) No. 1698/2005 of 20 September 2005 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)
- 5. Council Decision 2006/702/EC of 6 October 2006 on Community strategic guidelines on cohesion

15. Environment, Consumers and Health Protection

Consumers with disabilities may have special needs with regard to certain goods and services. For these reasons, some EC legal instruments oblige suppliers of certain goods and services (e.g. (electronic) telecommunication services) to take account of those needs.

- 1. Regulation (EC) No 261/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 February 2004 establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights, and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 295/91 (Text with EEA relevance) Commission Statement
- 2. Directive 2002/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services (Universal Service Directive)
- 3. Directive 2005/29/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2005 concerning unfair business-to-consumer commercial practices in the internal market and amending Council Directive 84/450/EEC, Directives 97/7/EC, 98/27/EC and 2002/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No. 2006/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council ('Unfair Commercial Practices Directive') (Text with European Economic Area relevance)







16. Science, Information, Education and Culture

With regard to *information*, the EU institutions have taken measures to meet the specific needs of people with disabilities with regard to accessing of information made available by the institutions.

Secondly, the recent *Youth Action Programme* pays particular attention to increasing the opportunities, in a broad sense, of young people with disabilities.

Annotated instruments

- Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No. 1700/2003 of 22 September 2003 amending Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No. 354/83 concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community
- 2. Decision No. 1719/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 November 2006 establishing the Youth in Action programme for the period 2007 to 2013
- 3. Decision No. 1376/2002/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on a series of guidelines for trans-European telecommunications networks
- 4. Decision No. 1336/97/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on a series of guidelines for trans-European telecommunications networks
- 5. Council Decision 79/505/EEC:of 8 May 1979 on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials
- 6. Decision No. 1720/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 November 2006 establishing an action programme in the field of lifelong learning

17. Law relating to Undertakings

Whilst harmonising certain aspects of copyright law, EC law still allows for the right of reproduction and communication of public works to be limited by Member States for the benefit of users with disabilities.

Annotated instruments

1. Directive 2001/29/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society

19. Area of Freedom, Security and Justice

Directives and other legislation concerning EU policies with regard to *refugees* and other *third country nationals* contain several provisions that take into account the special needs and vulnerability of people with disabilities.

Annotated instruments

1. Regulation (EC) No. 863/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 establishing a mechanism for the creation of Rapid Border







- Intervention Teams and amending Council Regulation (EC) No. 2007/2004 as regards that mechanism and regulating the tasks and powers of guest officers
- 2. Regulation (EC) No. 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code)
- 3. Council Directive 2004/83/EC of 29 April 2004 on minimum standards for the qualification and status of third country nationals or stateless persons as refugees or as persons who otherwise need international protection and the content of the protection granted
- 4. Council Directive 2004/81/EC of 29 April 2004 on the residence permit issued to third-country nationals who are victims of trafficking in human beings or who have been the subject of an action to facilitate illegal immigration, who cooperate with the competent authorities
- 5. Council Directive 2003/9/EC of 27 January 2003 laying down minimum standards for the reception of asylum seekers
- 6. Decision No. 573/2007/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 May 2007 establishing the European Refugee Fund for the period 2008 to 2013 as part of the General programme Solidarity and Management of Migration Flows and repealing Council Decision 2004/904/EC
- 7. Council Decision 2007/435/EC of 25 June 2007 establishing the European Fund for the Integration of third-country nationals for the period 2007 to 2013 as part of the General programme Solidarity and Management of Migration Flows







Conclusions and recommendations

More than one hundred legal instruments were annotated in this initial review. The largest numbers of instruments which included a reference to disability were found in the fields of:

Freedom of Movement for Workers and Social Policy (18 instruments) (including the Employment Equality Directive which prohibits discrimination on the grounds of disability with regard to employment and vocational training); Industrial Policy and Internal Market (17 instruments) (including, for example, instruments relating to e-accessibility and accessibility of lifts); Transport Policy (18 instruments) (including instruments relating to accessibility and travel by buses, trains, ferries and planes).

In contrast, in some fields, very few legal instruments were identified. These fields included: Environment, Consumers and Health Protection (3 instruments) and Science, Information, Education and Culture (6 instruments). For the future it will be important to reflect on the extent to which soft law and policy instruments which refer to disability exist in these, and other fields, and this point is returned to below.

It is worth noting that the review also identifies the legal base of the instruments identified. To date, only one EC Treaty article specifically refers to disability (Art. 13 EC, which gives the Community the power to take action to combat discrimination on the ground of disability, as well as a variety of other grounds). However, Article 13 EC provided the legal basis for only three of the instruments included in the review. All of the other legal instruments were based on EC Treaty articles that made no reference to disability whatsoever. This reveals that some articles in the EC Treaty, e.g. articles relating to transport, are commonly being used to provide the basis for legislation addressing disability. It also reveals that in some areas, e.g. consumer legislation, there is hardly any legislation which makes a specific reference of disability, and little use is being made of the relevant Treaty articles to support legislation which specifically refers to disability.

The relatively high number of instruments which make reference to disability which relate to transport, reveal that this field is a particularly good example of disability mainstreaming. Further research could help to reveal why the Community legislator, and the relevant Directorate General within the Commission, has been so receptive to mainstreaming disability within legislation in this field, and whether any lessons can be learnt that might help to facilitate disability mainstreaming in other fields.

It is also worth noting that even when EC legislation does not make a specific reference to disability, it can still be of particular value to (some) disabled people. For example, in relation to Freedom of Movement for Workers and Social Policy, gender-related legislation may be worth considering in the review, even if it does not include disability-specific protection. This is because it may be possible for disabled women (or men) to claim specific rights under the gender equality directives.







The scope for developing EC legislation which specifically addresses disability is now taking on a new importance in light of the expected conclusion by the EC of the United Nation's Convention on the Rights of Disabled People. The Convention will be the first international human rights treaty which the EC will conclude, and, as a consequence, the EC will, to the extent of its competencies, be legally bound to comply with the obligations set out in the Convention.¹

One future legal instrument that could help the EC to comply with its legal obligations under the Convention (with regard to disability discrimination) is the directive that should result from the Commission's proposal for a directive implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons outside the field of employment.² However, for the time being, the scope of such a Directive is under debate, and its adoption is still regarded as controversial by some Member States. Attention should also be paid to ensuring that the Community's own institutions are in compliance with the Convention - for example that the EC infrastructure such as web-sites, educational establishments, buildings etc. are disability accessible. In some areas effective implementation will require a more creative approach to the competence of the EU. For example Community competence to take legally binding action is limited in relation to social and health services, but non-legislative measures such as guidance on quality of services would be productive and contribute to meeting the goals of the Convention.

Lastly, as noted above, the review revealed that there are many fields where there is limited or no EC legislation which makes a reference to disability. Nevertheless some of these fields, such as education, consumer protection and information, and others, are of importance to people with disabilities. In many cases the EC has adopted non-legally binding instruments in these fields, which do refer to disability. For this reason it is necessary to extend this initial ANED review of legislation to cover soft law and guidance which refers to disability in key areas. For example, in the area of General, Financial and Institutional Matters, the European Parliament has included references to disability in the EU Budget.

With regard to the Public Procurement Directives, the Commission has issued mandates to the European Standardisation bodies to develop EC wide standards on accessibility of ICT products and services. With regard to External Relations, disability is mentioned in a number of political agreements that the EU has concluded with third countries (e.g. the EU-Africa Partnership). The ANED review could usefully be extended to consider the mainstreaming of disability in development and external relations. In the area of Education, the European Community has also adopted important soft law and policy instruments.

² COM (2008) 426, Proposal for a Council Directive on implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons irrespective of religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, COM(2008) 426, available via: http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?catld=649&langld=en





¹ See COM (2008) 530 final, Proposal for a Council Decision concerning the conclusion, by the European Community, of the Optional Protocol to the United Nations Convention in the Rights of the Persons with Disabilities for an indication of the extent of the area of competence of the Community with regard to the fields covered by the Convention, available via: http://ec.europa.eu/prelex/detail_dossier_real.cfm?CL=en&DosId=197349



For these reasons the ANED review of EC instruments will be extended to cover important soft law and policy instruments in selected fields in 2009.





Annex: annotation of legal instruments

This Annex provides details of all EC legislative instruments which make a specific reference to disability. Each instrument is identified individually (including a hyperlink to the original document in Eur-Lex). The content of the disability specific provision(s) within the instrument is noted, accompanied by a brief commentary on the aim and consequences of the relevant provision(s), where the description of content is not self-evident.

The following instruments addressing disability issues are not included in this overview:

Staff regulations and terms of employment of civil servants of the EU and for personnel of the many institutions of the European Union, which are of an internal nature and do not grant rights to citizens of the EU (e.g. Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No. 2074/83 of 21 July 1983 amending the Staff Regulations of officials and the conditions of employment of other servants of the European Communities, Art. 4, or Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No. 723/2004 of 22 March 2004 amending the Staff Regulations of officials of the European Communities and the Conditions of Employment of other servants of the European Communities).

Only the main legislative instruments concerning the collection of statistical data regarding issues of disability are covered. However, the authors recognise that the collection of data is of great importance for developing policies with regard to disability.





Ref. No.	Name of instrument	<u>Legal basis</u>	General aim of instrument	Provision(s) specifically addressing disability	Brief description of provision(s) addressing disability	Brief Commentary on provision(s) addressing disability
01.0	General, financial and ir	nstitutional ma	itters			
01.01	Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the EP and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to EP, Council and Commission documents	Art 255 and Art 251 (ex 189b) EC Treaty.	Establishing general rules concerning public access to documents of the institutions of the EC.	Art 10(3).	The provision states: "Documents shall be supplied in an existing version and format (including electronically or in an alternative format such as Braille, large print or tape) with full regard to the applicant's preference."	
01.02	Decision No 771/2006/EC of the EP and of the Council of 17 May 2006 establishing the European Year of Equal Opportunities for All (2007) — towards a just society	Art 13(2) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the European Year of Equal Opportunities for All (2007) — towards a just society.		The Decision establishes a committee and formulates aims of the Year of Equal opportunities.	Disability is covered in the action plan, as do the other grounds of discrimination referred to in Art. 13 EC. No further particular focus on disability.
01.03	Commission Decision(s) Nos 96/564/EC-96/566 (Euratom, EC) of 11 September 1996 and Nos 90/176-90/180 (Euratom, EEC) EEC of 23 March 1990 authorizing several particular Member States not to take into account certain categories of transactions and to use certain approximate estimates for the calculation of the VAT own resources base	Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 1553/89 of 29 May 1989 on the definitive uniform arrangements for the collection of own resources accruing from value added tax.	Authorising several specific Member States not to take into account certain categories of transactions and to use certain approximate estimates for the calculation of the VAT own resources base.	Art 1(2).	The provision states: "Transactions carried out by blind persons or workshops for the blind" are exempt from VAT, provided these exemptions do not give rise to significant distortion of competition.	





01.04	Charter of fundamental rights of the European Union		Proclamation of the common fundamental rights of the European Union.	Art 21, Art 26.	The provision states: "The Union recognises and respects the right of persons with disabilities to benefit from measures designed to ensure their independence, social and occupational integration and participation in the life of the community."	The Charter is not (yet) legally binding. Although the issue of integration of people with disabilities into society is explicitly addressed, Art 26 does not seem to grant enforceable rights.
01.05	Council Regulation (EC) No 168/2007 of 15 February 2007 establishing a European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights	Art 208 EC Treaty.	Establishing a European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. The Agency is to provide the relevant institutions, bodies, offices and agencies of the Community and its Member States with assistance and expertise relating to fundamental rights, in order to assist them, within their respective spheres of competence, to fully respect fundamental rights.	No specific article.		The Agency's aim is to assist Member States when implementing fundamental rights, among which is included the prohibition of discrimination on the ground of disability.
01.06	2008/203/EC: Council Decision of 28 February 2008 implementing Regulation (EC) No 168/2007 as regards the adoption of a Multi-annual Framework for the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights for 2007-2012	Council Regulation (EC) No 168/2007 of 15 February 2007 establishing a European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights, in particular Article 5(1).	Implementing Regulation (EC) No 168/2007 as regards the adoption of a multi- annual framework for the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights for 2007-2012.	Art 2(b).	Disability is mentioned as a thematic area in which the Agency may undertake actions.	





02. 0	Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83 of 28 March 1983 setting up a Community system of relief from customs duty	Art 28, Art 43 and Art 235 EEC Treaty.	Setting up a Community system of relief from customs duty.	Arts 70-78.	Allows for the duty free import of articles and services for the advancement of people with disabilities.	Consolidated text. (Regulation No 918/83 was amended by Regulation No 2289/83, No 1746/85, No 3691/87 and No 3357/91).
02.02	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2289/83 of 29 July 1983 laying down provisions for the implementation of Articles 70 to 78 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83	Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83 of 28 March 1983 setting up a Community system of relief from customs duty.	Laying down provisions for the implementation of Articles 70 to 78 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83, with regard to the duty-free import of articles and services for the advancement of people with disabilities.	AII	This Regulation lays down detailed provisions for the implementation of Articles 70 to 78 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83 on relief from duties and duty-free import of materials and services for the benefit of people with disabilities.	Consolidated text. (Regulation No 2289/83 was amended by Regulation No 735/92). The Regulation aims to prevent the abuse of the relief system from customs duties set out in Arts. 70 - 78 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 918/83.
02.03	Council Decision of 8 May 1979 on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials (No 79/505/EEC)	Art 157e EEC Treaty.	Conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials, regarding the nonapplication of customs duties or relief on the importation of such articles.	Art 1 of the Decision in conjunction with, in particular, paras I and III of the Protocol, in conjunction with, in particular, Annex E of the protocol.	The Protocol contains provisions which allow for the prohibition of customs duties on several goods which are for the benefit of people with disabilities, e.g. educational materials adapted for use by blind people (the covered goods are listed in Annex E of the Protocol).	Note that the Community has made a reservation with regard to parts of the Protocol which contain prohibitions on <i>internal</i> charges on certain materials (Decision Art 1(2)).





03. A	Agriculture					
03.01	Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 of 20 September 2005 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)	Art 36, Art 37 and Art 299(2) EC Treaty.	Laying down regulations regarding support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD).	Art 8.	General non- discrimination provision (covering disability as a possible ground of discrimination) with regard to the implementation of the EAFRD and its accompanying programme.	The EAFRD was established to reinforce rural development within the Community. Measures (during all stages of the programme) under the EAFRD should never have a discriminating effect.
03.02	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1391/78 of 23 June 1978 laying down amended rules for the application of the system of premiums for the non- marketing of milk and milk products and for the conversion of dairy herds	Council Regulation (EEC) No 1078/77 of 17 May 1977 introducing a system of premiums for the non-marketing of milk and milk products and for the conversion of dairy herds.	Laying down amended rules for the application of the system of premiums for the nonmarketing of milk and milk products and for the conversion of dairy herds.	Art 12(2) b.	Exemption under which Member States are not obliged to recover premiums from recipients in case of an extended period of disability such as to prevent the recipient from carrying on his or her occupation.	A very specific provision benefiting a limited group of people with disabilities.
05. F	reedom of movement f	or workers and	d social policy			
05.01	Regulation (EC) No 458/2007 of the EP and of the Council of 25 April 2007 on the European system of integrated social protection statistics (ESSPROS) (Text with EEA relevance).	Art 285(1) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the European system of integrated social protection statistics (ESSPROS).	Art 2(b).	"Social protection" is designated as one of the fields of statistical study under this Regulation. Disability is mentioned as one of the issues within this field.	Collecting data about disability is regarded as an important condition for reinforcing disability policies.





05.02	Regulation (EC) No 1927/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund	Art 159(3) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund (EGAF).	Art 7.	General non- discrimination provision (covering disability as a possible ground of discrimination) with regard to the implementation of the Fund and its accompanying programme.	Measures (during all stages of the programme) under the EGAF should never have a discriminating effect.
05.03	Regulation (EC) No 1177/2003 of the EP and of the Council of 16 June 2003 concerning Community statistics on income and living conditions (EU-SILC) (Text with EEA relevance)	Art 285(1) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing a common framework for the systematic production of Community statistics on income and living conditions (EU-SILC), encompassing comparable and cross-sectional and longitudinal data on income and on the level and composition of poverty and social exclusion at national and European levels.	-	No explicit mention of disability in the Regulation. However, "poverty" and "exclusion" are mentioned as fields in which statistics should be collected.	Collecting data about disability is regarded as an important condition for reinforcing disability policies. This particular instrument is regarded as the main EC provision relating to the collection of data on disabled people in Europe.





05.04	Council Regulation No 574/72 (EEC) of 21 March 1972 laying down the procedure for implementing regulation (EEC) 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self- employed persons and to their families moving within the Community	Art 51, Art 235 EC Treaty, and Art 98 of Regulation (EEC) 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons, to self- employed persons and to their families moving within the Community.	Regulation regarding the implementation of Regulation 1401/71/EEC, on the application of (national) social security schemes to employed persons, to self-employed persons and to their families when moving within the Community.	All	Provisions for the application and conversion of national social security benefits for people moving between Member States of the European Community.	Consolidated document containing many amendments. Provides for the retention of social security benefits when moving within the EC. This is also of importance for social security benefits related to disability.
05.05	Council Directive 89/654/EEC of 30 November 1989 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the workplace (first individual directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)	Art 118a EEC Treaty.	Laying down minimum health and safety requirements for the workplace.	Art 3, Art 4 in conjunction with Annexes I (20) en II (15).	The provisions state: "Workplaces must be organised to take account of handicapped workers, if necessary. This provision applies in particular to the doors, passageways, staircases, showers, washbasins, lavatories and workstations used or occupied directly by handicapped persons."	The aforementioned provision is included in two annexes, covering both existing and new workplaces.
05.06	Council Directive 92/57/EEC of 24 June 1992 on the implementation of minimum safety and health requirements at temporary or mobile construction sites (eighth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)	Art 118a EEC Treaty.	Implementation of minimum health and safety requirements at temporary or mobile construction sites.	Art 9, Art 10, in conjunction with Annex IV (17).	The provisions state: "Workplaces must be organised to take account of handicapped workers, if necessary. This provision applies in particular to the doors, passageways, staircases, showers, washbasins, lavatories	The aforementioned provision is referred to in two articles, covering both employers and self-employed persons.





					and workstations used or occupied directly by handicapped persons."	
05.07	Council Directive 92/91/EEC of 3 November 1992 concerning the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in the mineral- extracting industries through drilling (eleventh individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)	Art 118a EEC Treaty.	Establishing health and safety protection for workers in the mineral-extracting industries through drilling.	Art 10, in conjunction with Annex part A (20).	The provision states: "Workplaces must be organised to take account of handicapped workers, if necessary. This provision applies in particular to the doors, passageways, staircases, showers, washbasins, lavatories and workstations used or occupied directly by handicapped persons."	
05.08	Council Directive 92/104/EEC of 3 December 1992 on the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in surface and underground mineral-extracting industries (twelfth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16 (1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)	Art 118a EEC Treaty	Establishing health and safety protection for workers in surface and underground mineral-extracting industries.	Art 10, in conjunction with Annex part A (18).	"Workplaces must be organised to take account of disabled workers, if necessary. This provision applies in particular to the doors, passageways, staircases, showers, washbasins, lavatories and workstations used or occupied directly by disabled workers."	
05.09	Council Directive 96/97/EC of 20 December 1996 amending Directive 86/378/EEC on the implementation of the principle of equal treatment for men and women in occupational social security schemes	Art 100 EC Treaty.	Implementing the principle of equal treatment for men and women in occupational social security schemes (amending Directive 86/378/EEC).	Art 3.	Workers with disabilities fall within the scope of this directive.	This provision might be of importance in combating multiple discrimination on the grounds of gender and disability.





05.10	Council Directive 2000/78/EC of 27 November 2000 establishing a general framework for equal treatment in employment and occupation	Art 13 EC Treaty.	Laying down a general framework for combating discrimination on the grounds of religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation as regards employment and occupation, with the aim of putting into effect in the Member States the principle of equal treatment.	Arts 1, 2(2)(b), 3(4), 5, 7, 18.	The Directive prohibits discrimination on the ground, inter alia, of disability with regard to employment, occupation and vocational training. This Directive also contains an obligation on employers to take "appropriate measures" in order to eliminate disadvantages for persons with disabilities (reasonable accommodation) and allows "positive actions" i.e. specific measures to prevent or compensate for disadvantages.	This Directive is of key importance with regard to the employment of people with disabilities.
05.11	Directive 2006/54/EC of the EP and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation (recast)	Art 141(3) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	On the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation.	Arts 6, 7.	Scope is explicitly broadened to cover people with disabilities.	The provisions may facilitate the tackling of multiple discrimination on the grounds of gender and disability.
05.12	83/516/EEC: Council Decision of 17 October 1983 on the tasks of the European Social Fund	Art 126 EEC Treaty.	Specifying the aims and tasks of the European Social Fund.	Art 4(2) section c.	The promotion of employment of people with disabilities is an objective that can be financed from the Fund.	





05.13	2001/903/EC: Council Decision of 3 December 2001 on the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003	Art 13 EC Treaty.	Establishing the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003.	All	Provided for meetings and events, promotional campaigns, cooperation with broadcasting and media organisations and surveys and studies on a Community-wide scale in order to reinforce efforts regarding employment and integration and to raise awareness of issues related to disability.	
05.14	2005/600/EC: Council Decision of 12 July 2005 on Guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States	Art 128(2) EC Treaty.	Laying down guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States 2005-2008.	Annex, section 1.	The Decision states that Member States' employment policies should pay particular attention to promoting the employment of people with disabilities.	The Decision has value as a political statement, but does not establish any actual rights. Council Decision 2006/544/EC extends this Decision to cover 2006 as well.
05.15	Decision No 771/2006/EC of the EP and of the Council of 17 May 2006 establishing the European Year of Equal Opportunities for All (2007) — towards a just society (Text with EEA relevance)	Art 13(2) EC Treaty.	Already addressed, q.v. 1.: General, financial and institutional matters.			
05.16	2008/618/EC: Council Decision on guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States	Art 128(2) EC Treaty	Laying down guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States (Update 2008).	Annex, section 1.	The Decision states that Member States' employment policies should pay particular attention to promoting the employment of people with disabilities.	The Decision has value as a political statement, but does not establish any actual rights.





05.17	Communication from the Commission to the Council, the EP, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions	Council Decision 2001/903/EC of 3 December 2001 on the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003.	Assessment of the European Year of People with Disabilities 2003.	-	-	The European Year of People with Disabilities 2003 is evaluated in this Communication and (in general) is considered a success.
05.18	Council Resolution of 15 July 2003 on promoting the employment and social integration of people with disabilities	-	Promoting full integration and participation of people with disabilities in all aspects of society, recognising that they have equal rights to other citizens.	All	The Resolution calls on the Commission and Member States to promote the full integration and participation of people with disabilities in all aspects of society, recognising that they have equal rights to other citizens.	The Resolution calls for <i>mainstreaming</i> , among other things, to be used as a policy instrument.
06. R	Right of establishment a	ınd freedom to	provide services			
06.01	Directive 2008/6/EC of the EP and of the Council of 20 February 2008 amending Directive 97/67/EC with regard to the full accomplishment of the internal market of Community postal services	Art 47(2), Art 55, Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Full accomplishment of the internal market with regard to Community postal services.	Art 1, section 14 (amending Art 12 of Directive 97/67/EC).	The provision allows Member States to maintain or introduce free postal services for the benefit of people with visual disabilities.	
06.02	Directive 2007/65/EC of the EP and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directive 89/552/EEC on the coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the pursuit of television broadcasting activities	Art 47(2), Art 55, and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the pursuit of television broadcasting activities.	Arts 3c, 3e(c), section ii.	Member States are obliged to encourage media service providers under their jurisdiction to ensure that their services are gradually made accessible to people with a visual or hearing disability, and are also obliged to prohibit audiovisual	This provision does not seem to grant enforceable rights.





					commercial communications that include or promote discrimination.	
06.03	Directive 2004/18/EC of the EP and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public works contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts	Art 47(2), Art 55, Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Coordination of procedures for the awarding of public works contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts.	Art 19, Art 23(1), Art 23 in conjunction with Annex VI 1(a) and (b).	Art 19 allows Member States to reserve the right to participate in public contract award procedures to sheltered workshops or provide for such contracts to be performed in the context of sheltered employment programmes. In addition, Art 23 provides: "Whenever possible technical specifications [in contracts etc. LW] should be defined so as to take into account accessibility criteria for people with disabilities or design for all users."	
06.04	Directive 2004/17/EC of the EP and of the Council of 31 March 2004 coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors	Art 47(2), Art 55, Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors.	Art 28, 34, Annex XXI.	Art 28 allows Member States to reserve the right to participate in public contract award procedures to sheltered workshops or provide for such contracts to be performed in the context of sheltered employment programmes.	





					In addition, Art 34 provides: "Whenever possible technical specifications [in contracts etc. LW] should be defined so as to take into account accessibility criteria for people with disabilities or design for all users."	
07. 1 07.01	Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the EP and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on rail passengers' rights and obligations	Art 71(1), Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing rail passengers' rights and obligations.	Recital (10), Articles 1(d), 3(14)d, 3(15), 18(5), 19-25.	Establishes several rights for travellers with disabilities with regard to rail journeys. Among these are a prohibition to refuse travellers with disabilities the right to board a train and prohibitions to charge them additional costs. The provisions also contain several obligations regarding accessibility and obligations to facilitate independent travel by	Deadline for transposition is 3 December 2009.





07.02	Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the EP and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) Nos 1191/69 and 1107/70	Art 71(1), Art 89, Art 251 EC Treaty.	Defining how, in accordance with EC law, competent authorities may act in the field of public passenger transport, to guarantee the provision of services of general interest which are, among other things, more numerous, safer, of a higher quality or provided at lower cost than those that market forces alone would have allowed.	Art 3.	An exemption which enables Member States to maintain or establish maximum tariffs for the benefit of (among others) people with disabilities through public service contracts with operators.	The provision only creates a possibility, not an obligation, to establish maximum tariffs.
07.03	Regulation (EC) No 1899/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 12 December 2006 amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 3922/91 on the harmonisation of technical requirements and administrative procedures in the field of civil aviation (Text with EEA relevance)	Art 80(2), Art 251 EC Treaty.	Harmonisation of technical requirements and administrative procedures in the field of civil aviation.	Miscellaneous, in Annexes.	Miscellaneous technical and procedural requirements within the field of aviation. Several of the requirements benefit passengers with disabilities.	
07.04	Regulation (EC) No 1107/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 5 July 2006 concerning the rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility when travelling by air Text with EEA relevance.	Art 80(2), Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility when travelling by air.	All	The Regulation grants several rights to travellers with disabilities. Disabled people cannot be denied boarding or booking; are entitled to receive assistance at airports and with boarding, and cannot be charged extra for this. The Regulation also establishes standards for assistance.	





07.05	Regulation (EC) No 261/2004 of the EP and of the Council of 11 February 2004 establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights, and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 295/91	Art 80(2), Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights.	Article 2 (i), 9(3), 11.	Obligation on airline companies to give preferential treatment to passengers with disabilities (in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights).	
07.06	Council Regulation (EC) No 12/98 of 11 December 1997 laying down the conditions under which non-resident carriers may operate national road passenger transport services within a Member State	Art 75, Art 189c EC Treaty.	Laying down the conditions under which non-resident carriers may operate national road passenger transport services within a Member State.	Art 4(1)(c)	The carriage of people with reduced mobility is subject to laws, regulations and administrative provisions in force in the host Member State, providing that they meet the minimum requirements of EC law.	This provision seems to protect passengers with disabilities in a certain Member State against lower standards, with regard to disability, of operators of passenger transport services from other Member States.
07.07	Directive 2008/57/EC of the EP and of the Council of 17 June 2008 on the interoperability of the rail system within the Community (Recast) Text with EEA relevance	Art 71, Art 156 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the conditions to be met to achieve interoperability within the Community rail system in a manner compatible with the provisions of Directive 2004/49/EC.	Art 2(g) and 31 in conjunction with Annex II, 2.1, 2.6.	Provision contains the obligation to comply with technical requirements regarding rail infrastructure. These requirements take account of the needs of people with reduced mobility.	
07.08	Directive 2006/126/EC of the EP and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on driving licences (Recast) (Text with EEA relevance)	Art 71 EC and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Prescribing uniform regulations regarding driving licences.	Miscellaneous	The Directive contains several provisions with regard to the issuing of driving licences to persons with disabilities. The Directive also prescribes that all examinees should have knowledge about road users with disabilities/reduced	





					mobility.	
					,	
07.09	2006/87/EC Directive of the EP and of the Council of 12	Art 71(1) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Laying down technical requirements to be met	Miscellaneous (see Annexes)	Several detailed technical requirements	
	December 2006 laying down	231 LC Heaty.	by inland waterway	(see Ailliexes)	applying to covered	
	technical requirements for		vessels.		vessels to promote the	
	inland waterway vessels and				safety of, and	
	repealing Council Directive 82/714/EEC				accessibility for, people with disabilities.	
07.10	Directive 2003/59/EC of the EP	Art 71 and Art 251	Laying down	Annex I, sub 1.5.	Drivers of vehicles to be	
	and of the Council of 15 July	EC Treaty.	regulations on the initial		used for the	
	2003 on the initial qualification and periodic training of drivers		qualification and periodic training of		transportation of passengers are obliged	
	of certain road vehicles for the		drivers of certain road		to be trained in dealing	
	carriage of goods or passengers,		vehicles for the carriage		with passengers with	
	amending Council Regulation		of goods or passengers.		disabilities/reduced	
	(EEC) No 3820/85 and Council Directive 91/439/EEC and				mobility.	
	repealing Council Directive					
	76/914/EEC					
07.11	Directive 2003/24/EC of the EP and of the Council of 14 April	Art 71 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Laying down safety rules and standards for	Art 1(1).	Member States are obliged to establish	
	2003 amending Council	Le rieaty.	passenger ships,		specific rules on safety	
	Directive 98/18/EC on safety		amending Council		and accessibility for	
	rules and standards for		Directive 98/18/EC.		passengers with	
	<u>passenger ships</u>				reduced mobility with regard to passenger	
					shipping.	
07.12	Directive 2000/9/EC of the EP	Art 47(2), Art 55,	Laying down	Art 3 in	Establishes obligations	Note that the obligation here is conditional; the cableway
	and of the Council of 20 March 2000 relating to cableway	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	regulations for cableway installations	conjunction with Annex II, section	to facilitate the safe use of the cableway	installation need to be designed for "the transport of such persons".
	installations designed to carry	Le ricuty.	designed to carry	6.	installations by people	persons .
	persons		persons.		with reduced mobility,	
					where the cableway installation is designed	
					for the transport of such	





					persons.	
07.13	Council Directive 1999/35/EC of 29 April 1999 on a system of mandatory surveys for the safe operation of regular ro-ro ferry and high-speed passenger craft services	Art 84(2) and Art 189c EC Treaty.	Laying down a system of mandatory surveys to facilitate the safe operation of regular roro ferries and highspeed passenger craft services.	Arts 5(1) and 8 in conjunction with Annex I section 8 resp Annex III section 3.	Establishes obligations to provide passengers with general information on the availability of services and assistance to people with disabilities, and to organise training for personnel providing direct safety assistance to passengers and, in particular, assistance for elderly and disabled persons in an emergency.	
07.14	Council Directive 96/48/EC of 23 July 1996 on the interoperability of the trans-European high- speed rail system	Art 129d and Art 189c EC Treaty.	Establishing the conditions to be met in order to achieve the interoperability of the trans-European highspeed rail system within the EC. The Directive addresses projects for, and the construction, upgrading and operation of, infrastructure and rolling stock	Art 5(3)(b) in conjunction with Annex II.	The provision requires that train stations and train carriages of high-speed rail systems must be accessible for disabled passengers.	
07.15	Council Directive 91/439/EEC of 29 July 1991 on driving licences	Art 75 EC Treaty.	Laying down requirements relating to, amongst other, the issuing of driving licences.	Arts 3(6), 4(2), Annex III	The provisions lay down specific adapted rules with regard to the issuing of driving licences to people with disabilities.	To be repealed on 19 January 2013.





07.16	98/376/EC: Council Recommendation of 4 June 1998 on a parking card for people with disabilities	Art 75(1) and Art 189c EC Treaty.	Recommendation relating to the use by all Member States of a uniform parking card for people with disabilities.	All	The standardised model parking card allows people with disabilities to take advantage of the special parking facilities available in all Member States.	
07.17	Commission Regulation (EC) No 8/2008 of 11 December 2007 amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 3922/91 as regards common technical requirements and administrative procedures applicable to commercial transportation by aeroplane	Council Regulation (EEC) No 3922/91 on the harmonisation of technical requirements and administrative procedures in the field of civil aviation, and in particular Article 11(1) thereof.	Amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 3922/91 as regards common technical requirements and administrative procedures applicable to commercial transportation by aeroplane.	Art 1 in conjunction with the Annex, in particular OPS 1.1000 (c) (iii) and Appendix 1 to OPS 1.1005 (e) 4.	Establishes safety requirements for commercial transportation by aeroplane, among which are specific provisions relating to the safety of people with disabilities. These provisions provide, amongst others, for instructions for flight personnel regarding passengers with disabilities and specifications with regard to the seating of such passengers.	





07.18	Directive 2004/50/EC of the EP and of the Council of 29 April 2004 amending Council Directive 96/48/EC on the interoperability of the trans-European high-speed rail system and Directive 2001/16/EC of the EP and of the Council on the interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system	Art 71, Art 156 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the conditions to be met to achieve the interoperability of the trans-European highspeed rail system within the EC. These conditions concern the design, construction, placing in service, upgrading, renewal, operation and maintenance of the parts of this system placed in service after 30 April 2004, as well as the qualifications and health and safety conditions for the staff who contribute to its operation.			Reference on EUR-Lex is not working (8 April 2009).
08. 0	Competition policy		operation.			
08.01	Commission Regulation (EC) of 6 August 2008 declaring certain categories of aid incompatible with the common market in application of Article 87 and 88 of the Treaty (General block exemption Regulation)	Council Regulation (EC) No 994/98 of 7 May 1998 on the application of Arts 92 and 93 of the Treaty establishing the European Community to certain categories of horizontal State aid, in particular Art 1(1) points (a) and (b) thereof.	Declaring certain categories of aid compatible with the common market in application of Article 87 and 88 of the Treaty (General block exemption Regulation).	Art 1(1)(i) and (3)(a), Art 2(20) and (21), Art 6(1)(i) and (j), Art 7(4), Art 8(5), Art 39(2), Art 40, 41 and 42.	Several categories of financial aid by states are prohibited by Articles 87 and 88 of the EC Treaty, as being incompatible with the common market. This Regulation creates categories of exemptions to this prohibition of state aid, among which are categories of aid to benefit people with disabilities.	One of the recitals (61) states that, "The promotion of training and the recruitment of disadvantaged and disabled workers and compensation of additional costs for the employment of disabled workers constitute a central objective of the economic and social policies of the Community and of its Member States".





09. 1	「axation					
09.01	Council Directive 2006/112/EC of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax	Art 93 EC Treaty.	Laying down regulations regarding the common system of value added tax.	Art 98 in conjunction with Annex II, (4), Art 106 in conjunction with Annex IV (4), Art 370,371 and 375- 380 in conjunction with Annex X (5).	The provisions grant exemptions, thereby allowing Member States to apply alternative (reduced) VAT rates on certain goods/services with regard to people with disabilities and transactions made by blind people.	
09.02	Council Directive 2003/96/EC of 27 October 2003 restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity	Art 93 EC Treaty.	Restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity.	Art 5.	Differentiated rates of taxation may be applied by Member States in relation to energy use by/for people with disabilities.	
09.03	Council Directive 83/181/EEC of 28 March 1983 determining the scope of Article 14 (1) (d) of Directive 77/388/EEC as regards exemption from value added tax on the final importation of certain goods	Art 99 and Art 100 EEC Treaty.	Determining the scope of Article 14 (1) (d) of Directive 77/388/EEC as regards exemption from value added tax on the final importation of certain goods.	Arts 46-48.	Establishing conditions under which goods for people with disabilities can be exempted from VAT.	





09.04	2006/774/EC: Council Decision of 7 November 2006 authorising certain Member States to apply a reduced rate of VAT to certain labour-intensive services in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 28(6) of Directive 77/388/EEC	Sixth Council Directive 77/388/EEC of 17 May 1977 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to turnover taxes - Common system of value added tax: uniform basis of assessment.	Authorising certain Member States to apply a reduced rate of VAT to certain labour-intensive services.	Arts 3(c), 5(c), 6(c), 10(c), 11(c), 14(c).	A reduced VAT rate may be applied in the Member States named in the Decision with regard to domestic care services.	The Decision aims to result in a financial benefit for people with disabilities who use domestic care services.
10. E	conomic and monetary		e movement of ca	pital		
10.01	Regulation (EC) No 1927/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund	Already addressed under 05. Freedom of movement for workers and social policy.				
10.02	Council Regulation (EC) No 423/1999 of 22 February 1999 amending Regulation (EC) No 975/98 on denominations and technical specifications of Euro coins intended for circulation	Art 105a(2) and Art 189c EC Treaty.	Laying down the denominations and technical specifications of Euro coins.	Art 1.	The provision sets technical specifications with regard to 10 and 50 cent coins for the benefit of blind and visually impaired people.	
10.03	Council Regulation (EC) No 975/98 of 3 May 1998 on denominations and technical specifications of Euro coins intended for circulation	Art 105a(2) and Art 189c EC Treaty.	Laying down the denominations and technical specifications of Euro coins.	Recital 7, Art 1.	The provision sets technical specifications for Euro coins, some of which are for the benefit of blind and visually impaired people.	





11. E	external relations					
11.01	Commission Regulation (EC) No 718/2007 of 12 June 2007 implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 1085/2006 establishing an instrument for pre-accession assistance (IPA)	Council Regulation (EC) No 1085/2006 of 17 July 2006 establishing an Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA), (in particular art 3(3)).	Establishing an instrument for pre-accession assistance (IPA).	Art 3, art 169(3)(g)(iv).	The provision contains a general non-discrimination clause with regard to pre-accession assistance (i.e. assistance for EU candidate states). Such assistance must not have a discriminating effect. Article 169 prescribes that the beneficiary states should report which actions are undertaken with regard to the inclusion in employment and society of people with disabilities.	
11.02	Regulation (EC) No 1889/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on establishing a financing instrument for the promotion of democracy and human rights worldwide	Art 179(1) (ex art 130w EC Treaty), Art 181a(2), Art 251 (ex art 189b EC Treaty), EC Treaty.	Establishing a financing instrument for the promotion of democracy and human rights worldwide.	Art 1(1), section b. subs. (iii) and (vii) and section (2).	The instrument can be used to assist in the promotion of the rights of people with disabilities in developing countries.	
11.03	Regulation (EC) No 1905/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 18 December 2006 establishing a financing instrument for development cooperation	Arts 179(1) (ex art 130w EC Treaty), and Art 251 (ex art 189b EC Treaty) EC Treaty.	Establishing a financing instrument for development cooperation.	Art 5(2)(b)(i),	The provision facilitates support to reinforce the rights of people with disabilities in developing countries and to combat discrimination.	





11.04	79/505/EEC: Council Decision of 8 May 1979 on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials		Already addressed under 02. Customs union and free movement of goods.			
13. li	ndustrial policy and into	ernal market				
13.01	Directive 2007/46/EC of the EP and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles (Framework Directive)	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles.	Art 39(2).	The provision states that the Commission "Shall adopt amendments to the annexes to this Directive () which are necessary to adapt them to () the specific needs of persons with disabilities".	
13.02	Directive 2007/47/EC of the EP and of the Council of 5 September 2007 amending Council Directive 90/385/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to active implantable medical devices, Council Directive 93/42/EEC concerning medical devices and Directive 98/8/EC concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market Text with EEA relevance	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Amending Directive 98/8/EC concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market.	Annex II section 1 (amending original Annex I).	The provision establishes an obligation to meet the needs of users with disabilities with regard to the packaging of biocidal products.	





13.03	Directive 2006/42/EC of the EP and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast)	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Laying down requirements for various kinds of machinery.	Art 24.	The provision states: "Where the lift is intended for the transport of persons, and where its dimensions permit, the car must be designed and constructed in such a way that its structural features do not obstruct or impede access and use by disabled persons and so as to allow any appropriate adjustments intended to facilitate its use by them."	The obligation to provide for accessibility is conditional.
13.04	Directive 2005/40/EC of the EP and of the Council of 7 September 2005 amending Council Directive 77/541/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to safety belts and restraint systems of motor vehicles	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to safety belts and restraint systems of motor vehicles (amending Council Directive 77/541/EEC).	Art 1, 2.	The provisions allow Member States to set differentiated requirements with regard to seatbelts for people with disabilities.	
13.05	Directive 2004/27/EC of the EP and of the Council of 31 March 2004 amending Directive 2001/83/EC on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Amending the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use (amending Directive 2001/83/EC).	Arts 1, 42 (inserting Article 56a).	The provision contains an obligation to print information in Braille on certain types of medicines.	The requirement is to be enforced by the national authorities on medicines.
13.06	Directive 2003/102/EC of the EP and of the Council of 17 November 2003 relating to the protection of pedestrians and other vulnerable road users before and in the event of a collision with a motor vehicle and amending Council Directive 70/156/EEC	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Reduction of injuries to pedestrians and other vulnerable road users who are hit by certain vehicles.			This Directive is soon to be replaced by another one. More info. is available at: http://www.europarl.europa.eu/oeil/file.jsp?id=5540042.





13.07	Directive 2002/22/EC of the EP	Art 95 and Art 251	Prescribing universal	Art 6(1), Art 7, Art	Article 6(1) states:	
	and of the Council of 7 March	EC Treaty.	service and users' rights	11 (2), Art 33.	"Member States shall	
	2002 on universal service and	,	relating to electronic		ensure that national	
	users' rights relating to		communications		regulatory authorities	
	electronic communications		networks and services		can impose obligations	
	networks and services (Universal		(Universal Service		on undertakings in	
	Service Directive)		Directive).		order to ensure that	
			,		public pay telephones	
					are provided to meet	
					the reasonable needs of	
					end-users in terms of	
					the geographical	
					coverage, the number	
					of telephones, the	
					accessibility of such	
					telephones to disabled	
					users and the quality of	
					services." Art 7(1) states:	
					"Member States shall,	
					where appropriate, take	
					specific measures for	
					disabled end-users in	
					order to ensure access	
					to and affordability of	
					publicly available ´	
					telephone services,	
					including access to	
					emergency services,	
					directory enquiry	
					services and directories,	
					equivalent to that	
					enjoyed by other end-	
					users". Finally Art 33	
					should ensure, as far as	
					appropriate, that	
					national regulatory	
					of the views of end-	
					users and consumers,	
					'	
					authorities take account of the views of end-	





					disabled users of	
					communication	
					services.	
13.08	Directive 2002/21/EC of the EP and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on a common regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services (Framework Directive)	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing a common regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services (Framework Directive).	Recital 8, Art 8 (2)(a) and (4)(e).	services. The Preamble states that it is important for regulators to encourage network operators and terminal equipment manufacturers to cooperate in order to facilitate access by disabled users to electronic communications services. The Directive also requires national regulatory authorities to promote competition in the provision of services to ensure that users, including disabled users, derive maximum benefit in terms of choice, price and quality, and requires the authorities to address the needs, in particular, of disabled	
					users.	
13.09	Directive 2001/85/EC of the EP and of the Council of 20 November 2001 relating to special provisions for vehicles used for the carriage of passengers comprising more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat, and amending Directives 70/156/EEC and 97/27/EC	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Prescribing regulations relating to special provisions for vehicles used for the carriage of passengers comprising more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat (amending 70/156/EEC and 97/27/EC).	Art 3 in conjunction with Annex VIII.	Vehicles constructed to include areas for standing passengers, so as to allow frequent passenger movement, must be accessible for wheelchair users and other passengers with reduced mobility, and must comply with the	





					technical requirements of Annex VII.	
13.10	Directive 2001/16/EC of the EP and of the Council of 19 March 2001 on the interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system	Art 156 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the conditions to be met to achieve interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system within the EC.	Art 1, Annex II, sections 2.1 and 2.6.	The provisions establish obligations to achieve safe and accessible subsystems of the infrastructure (i.e. meeting the needs of people with disabilities) by means of technical requirements.	Note that this directive has been amended by Directive 2004/50/EC of the EP and of the Council of 29 April 2004 amending Council Directive 96/48/EC on the interoperability of the trans-European high-speed rail system and Directive 2001/16/EC of the EP and of the Council on the interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system.
13.11	Directive 2000/31/EC of the EP and of the Council of 8 June 2000 on certain legal aspects of information society services, in particular electronic commerce, in the Internal Market ('Directive on electronic commerce')	Art 47(2), Art 55 Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Contributing to the proper functioning of the internal market by ensuring the free movement of information society services between the Member States.	Art 16(2).	The provision provides that Member States and the Commission shall encourage the involvement of associations representing visually impaired and disabled people with regard to the drafting and implementation of codes of conduct affecting their interests.	
13.12	Directive 2000/9/EC of the EP and of the Council of 20 March 2000 relating to cableway installations designed to carry persons		Already addressed, q.v. 07. Transport policy.			





13.13	Directive 1999/5/EC of the EP and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity	Art 100a and Art 189b EC Treaty.	Establishing a regulatory framework for the placing on the market, free movement and putting into service in the Community, radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment.	Art 3(3 sub (f)).	The provision that enables the Commission to decide that apparatus within certain equipment classes or apparatus of particular types shall be so constructed that it supports certain features in order to facilitate its use by users with a disability.	
13.14	EP and Council Directive 95/16/EC of 29 June 1995 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to lifts	Art 100a EC and Art 189b EC Treaty.	Approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to lifts.	Art 4 in conjunction with Annex I, sections 1.2 and 1.6.1.	The provisions establish technical requirements to promote safety and accessibility for users with a disability.	
13.15	Decision No 1336/97/EC of the EP and of the Council on a series of guidelines for trans-European telecommunications networks	Art 129d and Art 189b EC Treaty.	Laying down a series of guidelines for trans- European telecommunications networks.	Annex I, section 1.	The provision provides that operators of networks should pay specific attention to the accessibility of their services for people with disabilities.	Consolidated text (this decision was changed by Decision 1376/2002/EC, q.v. 16.).
13.16	Decision No 1982/2006/EC of the EP and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Seventh Framework Programme of the European Community for research, technological development and demonstration activities (2007- 2013) - Statements by the Commission	Art 166(1) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Strengthening research, technological development and demonstration activities (2007-2013).	Art 2 in conjunction with Annex I, section I, subsection 1."health" and 3. "Information and Communication Technologies (ICT)".	The provision provides for the support of research with regard to disability issues and design-for-all devices in the field of ICT. Social inclusion is mentioned as the rationale for this.	





13.17	2008/164/EC: Commission Decision of 21 December 2007 concerning the technical specification of interoperability relating to persons with reduced mobility in the trans- European conventional and high-speed rail system (notified under document C(2007) 6633)	Directive 2001/16/EC of 19 March 2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the interoperability of the conventional rail system, speed rail system, in particular Article 6(1) and Directive 96/48/EC of 23 July 1996 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the interoperability of the high-speed rail system, in particular Article 6(1).	Harmonising the provisions to be made to facilitate travel by persons with reduced mobility on the conventional and high-speed railway system while realising the interoperability of the railway system.	Art 1 in conjunction with the Annexes.	The provisions establish multiple technical specifications for the benefit of passengers with reduced mobility. These include: wheelchair accessible doorways and facilities, compulsory visible and audible information at railway stations, emergency facilities for people with disabilities and disability training and awareness for railway station personnel.	
14. F	Regional policy and inte	rnal market				
14.01	Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 of 11 July 2006 laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund and the Cohesion Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1260/1999	Art 161 EC Treaty.	Laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund and the Cohesion Fund.	Art 16.	The provision provides that accessibility for persons with disabilities shall be one of the criteria to be observed in defining operations co-financed by the Funds and should be taken into account during the various stages of implementation. Art 16 also contains a general non-discrimination clause with regard to	The Regulation is regarded as an important instrument to promote accessibility for people with disabilities.





					the use of the Funds.	
14.02	Regulation (EC) No 1081/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the European Social Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1784/1999	Art 148 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Laying down regulations concerning the European Social Fund (ESF).	Art 2(2), 3(1)(c)(i) and Art 9.	The provisions provide that combating social exclusion and promoting participation by people with disabilities are amongst the objectives of the Fund.	
14.03	Regulation (EC) No 1080/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the European Regional Development Fund and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1783/1999	Art 162 (first paragraph), Art 299 (2, second subparagraph) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Laying down regulations concerning the European Regional Development Fund.	Recital 8.	The provision includes a general non-discrimination clause with regard to the use of the funds.	The Recital emphasises that the use of the Fund should never have a discriminating effect.
14.04	Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 of 20 September 2005 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)	Art 36, Art 37 and Art 299(2) EC Treaty.	Laying down regulations concerning the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD).	Art 8.	The provision includes a general non-discrimination clause with regard to the use of the fund.	The provision emphasises that the use of the Fund should never have a discriminating effect.





14.05	2006/702/EC: Council Decision	Council	Laying down	Art 1 in	Several provisions in	The decision is mainly of importance as a policy document,
14.05	of 6 October 2006 on	Regulation (EC)	Community strategic	conjunction with	this Decision call on	which is addressed to the Member States as an indicative
		No 1083/2006 of				
	Community strategic guidelines		guidelines on cohesion,	the Annex,	Member States to	framework for their respective policies.
	on cohesion	11 July 2006	which provide an	miscellaneous	adopt policies with	
		laying down	indicative framework for	provisions.	regard to (in particular)	
		general provisions	the Member States for		accessibility and	
		on the European	the preparation of the		inclusive labour	
		Regional	national strategic		markets for people with	
		Development	reference frameworks		disabilities.	
		Fund, the	and operational			
		European Social	programmes for the			
		Fund and the	period 2007 to 2013.			
		Cohesion Fund	•			
		and repealing				
		Regulation (EC)				
		No 1260/1999, in				
		particular the first				
		subparagraph of				
		Art 25 thereof.				
15. E	Environment, consumer	s and health pi	rotection			
15.01	Regulation (EC) No 261/2004 of		Already addressed q.v.			
	the EP and of the Council of 11		07. Transport policy.			
	February 2004 establishing					
	common rules on compensation					
	and assistance to passengers in					
	the event of denied boarding					
	and of cancellation or long					
	delay of flights, and repealing					
	Regulation (EEC) No 295/91					
15.02	Directive 2002/22/EC of the EP		Already addressed q.v.			
	and of the Council of 7 March		13: Industrial policy and			
	2002 on universal service and		internal market.			
		ĺ	l			
1	users' rights relating to					
	electronic communications					





15.03	Directive 2005/29/EC of the EP and of the Council of 11 May 2005 concerning unfair business-to-consumer commercial practices in the internal market and amending Council Directive 84/450/EEC, Directives 97/7/EC, 98/27/EC and 2002/65/EC of the EP and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 of the EP and of the Council ('Unfair Commercial Practices Directive')	Art 95 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Contributing to the proper functioning of the internal market and aiming to achieve a high level of consumer protection by approximating the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States on unfair commercial practices harming consumers' economic interests.	Art 5(3).	The provision states: "Commercial practices which are likely to materially distort the economic behaviour only of a clearly identifiable group of consumers who are particularly vulnerable to the practice or the underlying product because of their mental or physical infirmity, age or credulity in a way which the trader could reasonably be expected to foresee, shall be assessed from the perspective of the average member of that group."	This provision offers protection to vulnerable consumers (provided they are part of a "clearly identifiable group"). This means that traders are obliged to take into account foreseeable vulnerabilities of the specific group.
	Science, information, ed				T-1	
16.01	Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1700/2003 of 22 September 2003 amending Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 354/83 concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community	Art 308 EC Treaty and Art 203 EAEC Treaty.	Laying down regulations concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community.	Art 8.	The provision establishes obligations for the European institutions to meet special needs of people with visual impairments when they request access to information held in the archives.	
16.02	Decision No 1719/2006/EC of the EP and of the Council of 15 November 2006 establishing the Youth in Action programme for the period 2007 to 2013	Art 149(4) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the Youth in Action programme for the period 2007 to 2013.	Art 3(1)(h), Art 3(4)(d).	The provisions pay specific attention to improving the position of, and accessibility for, young people with disabilities within the	





					EU.	
					EO.	
16.03	Decision No 1376/2002/EC of		Already addressed q.v.			Decision amends Decision No 1336/97/EC of the EP and of
	the EP and of the Council on a		13.			the Council.
	series of guidelines for trans-					
	European telecommunications					
	<u>networks</u>					
16.04	Decision No 1336/97/EC of the		Already addressed, q.v.			Consolidated text (this decision was changed by Decision
	EP and of the Council on a series		13, Industrial policy and			1376/2002/EC).
	of guidelines for trans-European		internal market.			
	telecommunications networks					
16.05	79/505/EEC: Council Decision of		Already addressed q.v. 2,			
	8 May 1979 on the conclusion of		Customs union and free			
	the Protocol to the Agreement		movement of goods.			
	on the importation of					
	educational, scientific and					
16.06	cultural materials	A + 1.40(4) A +	Fatablishia a a a attau	A -+ 1/2)/A+ 12	Th::	
16.06	<u>Decision No 1720/2006/EC of</u> the EP and of the Council of	Art 149(4), Art 150(4) and Art 251	Establishing an action programme in the field	Art 1(3)(f), art 12, recital 36.	This programme pays attention to the	
	15 November 2006 establishing	EC Treaty.	of lifelong learning.	recital 36.	importance of lifelong	
	an action programme in the	EC Heaty.	of illelong learning.		learning for people with	
	field of lifelong learning				disabilities.	
	neid of melong learning				disabilities.	
_						
17. L	aw relating to undertal	kings				
17.01	Directive 2001/29/EC of the EP	Art 47(2), Art 55,	Harmonising certain	Art 5(3),	The rights of	
17.01	and of the Council of 22 May	Art 95 and Art 251	aspects of copyright	subsection b.	reproduction,	
	2001 on the harmonisation of	EC Treaty.	and related rights in the		communication to the	
	certain aspects of copyright and	,	information society.		public of works, and	
	related rights in the information				making available to the	
	society				public other subject	
	-				matter may (under	
					certain conditions) be	
					limited by Member	
					States for the benefit of	
					users with disabilities.	





19.01	Regulation (EC) No 863/2007 of the EP and of the Council of 11 July 2007 establishing a mechanism for the creation of Rapid Border Intervention Teams and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004 as regards that mechanism and regulating the tasks and powers of guest officers	Art 62(2)(a), Art 66 and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing a mechanism for the creation of Rapid Border Intervention Teams and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004.	Art 6(2).	The provision contains a general non-discrimination provision.	Discrimination on the grounds of disability (among other possible grounds of discrimination) is explicitly covered with regard to border checks.
19.02	Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the EP and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code)	Art 62(1) and (2)(a) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code).	Art 6(2).	The provision contains a general non-discrimination provision.	Discrimination on the grounds of disability (among other possible grounds of discrimination) is explicitly covered with regard to border checks.
19.03	Council Directive 2004/83/EC of 29 April 2004 on minimum standards for the qualification and status of third country nationals or stateless persons as refugees or as persons who otherwise need international protection and the content of the protection granted	Art 63(1)(c), (2)(a) and (3)(a) EC Treaty.	Laying down minimum standards for the qualification of third-country nationals or stateless persons as refugees or as persons who otherwise need international protection and the content of the protection granted.	Art 20(3).	The provision establishes an obligation on Member States to take into account the specific situation of "vulnerable persons such as disabled people".	





19.04	Council Directive 2004/81/EC of 29 April 2004 on the residence permit issued to third-country nationals who are victims of trafficking in human beings or who have been the subject of an action to facilitate illegal immigration, who cooperate with the competent authorities	Art 63(3) EC Treaty.	Defining the conditions for granting residence permits of limited duration, linked to the length of the relevant national proceedings, to third-country nationals who cooperate in the fight against trafficking in human beings or against action to facilitate illegal immigration.	Art 9.	The provision establishes an obligation on Member States to provide necessary medical or other assistance to the third-country nationals concerned, who do not have sufficient resources and have special needs, such as persons with disabilities.	
19.05	Council Directive 2003/9/EC of 27 January 2003 laying down minimum standards for the reception of asylum seekers	Art 63(1) point (1)(b) EC Treaty.	Laying down minimum standards for the reception of asylum seekers.	Art 17.	The provision states: "Member States shall take into account the specific situation of vulnerable persons such as () disabled people ()". This is a general principle with regard to policy regarding asylum seekers.	
19.06	Decision No 573/2007/EC of the EP and of the Council of 23 May 2007 establishing the European Refugee Fund for the period 2008 to 2013 as part of the General programme Solidarity and Management of Migration Flows and repealing Council Decision 2004/904/EC	Art 63(2)(b) and Art 251 EC Treaty.	Establishing the European Refugee Fund for the period 2008 to 2013 as part of the General programme Solidarity and Management of Migration Flows.	Art 3(9).	The provision provides that actions on behalf of the Fund shall take account of vulnerable groups, such as people with disabilities.	
19.07	2007/435/EC: Council Decision of 25 June 2007 establishing the European Fund for the Integration of third-country nationals for the period 2007 to 2013 as part of the General programme Solidarity and	Art 63(3)(a) EC Treaty.	Establishing the European Fund for the Integration of Third- country Nationals.	Art 4(2)(c).	The provision provides that Member States should reinforce their integration actions in order to be able to "reach out" to immigrants with	





I	Management of Migration		disabilities.	
	<u>Flows</u>			
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